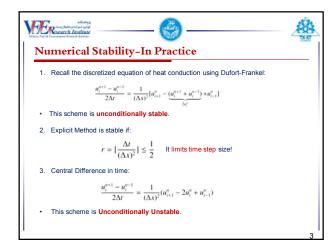
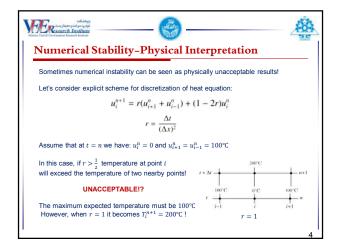
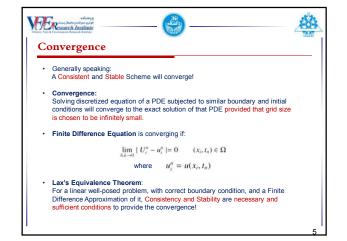
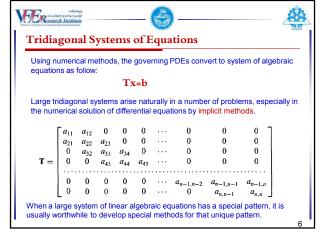


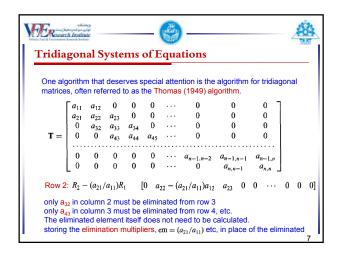
Numerical Stability	
A concept only defined in iterative problems.	
<u>It necessitates:</u> Errors, of any type, should not grow in an iterative process.	
Somewhat more difficult than the study of consistency!	
 For non-linear problems, the necessary condition for stability is that linear analysis of them must be stable. 	stability
We will discuss it in detailed later on!	
Now, let's only take a brief look at "stability of Dufort- Frankel and Explicit s	scheme"
	2

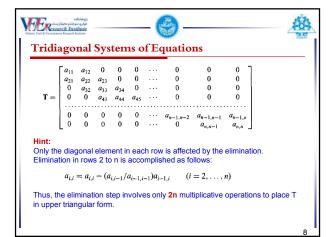


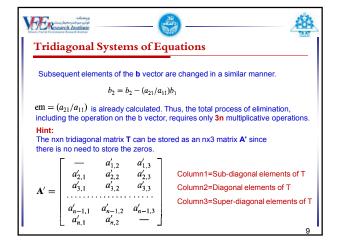


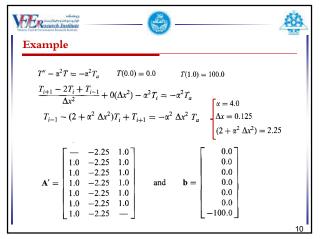


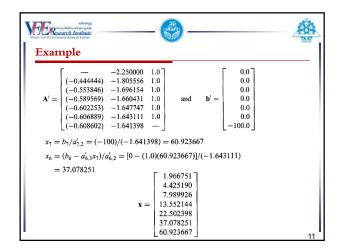


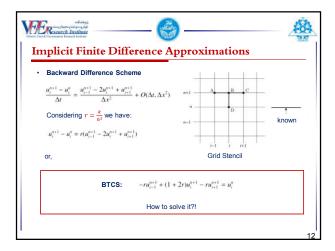


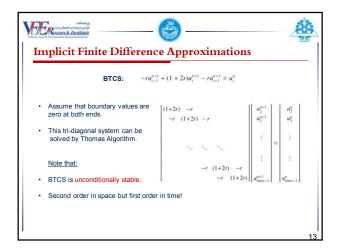


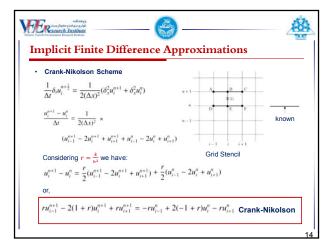


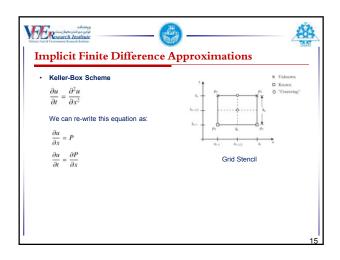


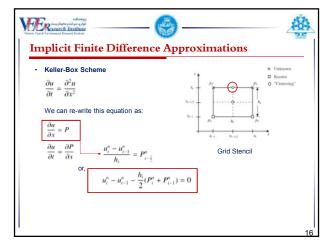


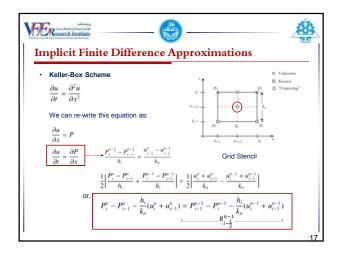


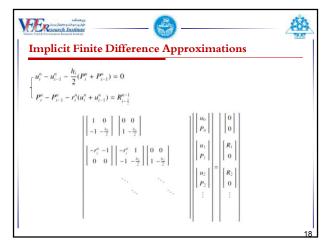


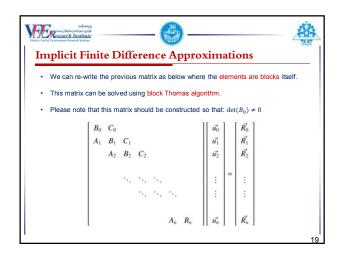


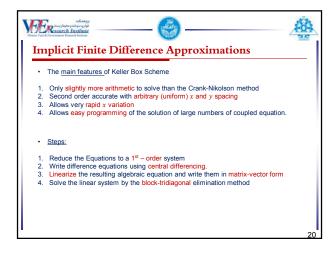


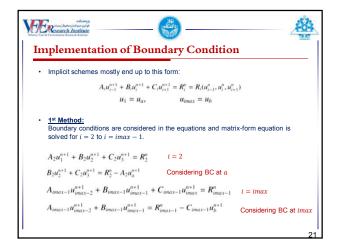


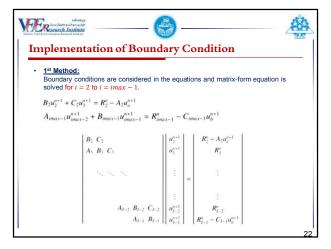


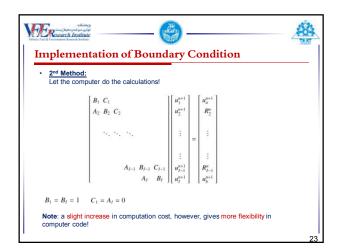


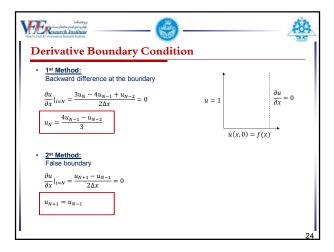


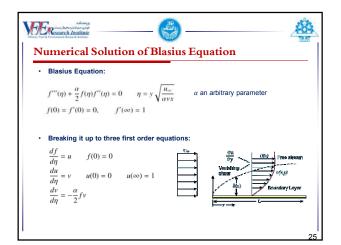












We discretize the equations in $\eta_{j-rac{1}{2}}$	
$\frac{f_j - f_{j-1}}{h_i} = u_{j-1/2} = \frac{1}{2}(u_j + u_{j-1})$	
$\frac{u_j - u_{j-1}}{h_i} = v_{j-1/2} = \frac{1}{2}(v_j + v_{j-1})$	
$\frac{v_j-v_{j-1}}{h_j}=-\frac{\alpha}{2}(fv)_{j-1/2}=-\alpha\frac{f_jv_j+f_{j-1}v_j}{4}$	-1
Newton Linearization	
These equations are non-linear, so, we	nave to linearize them.
$f_k^{n+1} = f_k^n + \delta f_k^n$	
$u_k^{n+1} = u_k^n + \delta u_k^n$	
$v_k^{n+1} = v_k^n + \delta v_k^n$	

